

# **Reactivity Balance & Reactor Control System**

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## 1 Quiz

### 1.1 Questions

1. Determine the multiplication factor for a thermal reactor with the following data:  $p=0.8$ ,  $\epsilon=1.02$ ,  $f=0.9$ ,  $P_L=0.8$  and  $\eta=1.8$ .
2. Determine reactivity for the data given in problem 1.
3. The number of neutrons per fission in U-235 is 2.4. Determine the number of prompt neutrons.
4. The movement of control rod resulted in a power increase with a period of 100 s. Using  $\beta=0.0065$  and  $l_d=12$  s, determine the deviation in multiplication factor from 1.
5. In an experiment, a reactivity of 0.005 is introduced into a critical core. If the temperature coefficient of reactivity is  $-10e-5$  / $^{\circ}\text{C}$ , determine the increase in temperature that will compensate this reactivity.

### 1.2 Answers

1. Multiplication factor can be determined using the five-factor formula (Equation 2)

$$k = p\eta f P_L \epsilon$$

$$k = 0.8 * 1.8 * 0.9 * 0.8 * 1.02 = 1.057536$$

$$2. \rho = (k-1)/k = (1.057536-1)/1.057536 = 0.0544$$

$$3. \text{Fraction of prompt neutrons} = 1-\beta = 1-0.0065 = 0.9935$$

$$\text{Number of prompt neutrons} = 2.4 * 0.9935 = 2.3844$$

$$4. \text{Let us assume that } (k-1) < \beta; T = \beta l_d / (k-1)$$

$$k-1 = \beta l_d / T = 0.0065 * 12 / 100 = 0.00078$$

Since  $(k-1) < \beta$ , the assumption is justified.

$$\text{Therefore, } (k-1) = 0.00078$$

$$5. \text{Recall Eq. (8), Temperature coefficient of reactivity} = \alpha = \rho / \Delta T$$

$$\Delta T = \rho / \alpha = 0.005 / 10e-5 = 50^{\circ}$$